# Lyng Church of England Primary School Attendance Policy 



| Review Body: | Full Governing Body |
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| Responsibility: | Headteacher |
| Type of Policy: | Statutory |
| Review Period: | Every three years |
| Reviewed: | May 2022 |
| Next Review: | May 2025 |

Note Throughout this policy the term 'parents' represents one parent, both parents, or carer with whom the child resides.

## Introduction

Lyng Church of England Primary School is committed to providing an excellent education for its pupils. We aim for every child to feel valued and included, to be able to achieve the best they can and make good progress.

## The importance of good attendance

Regular attendance at school is essential to ensure uninterrupted progress and to enable children to achieve the best they can in their attainment, well- being and for their wider life chances. It is parents' responsibility to ensure that their children receive their education. Every opportunity will be used to convey to parents and pupils the importance of regular and punctual attendance.
We do all we can to encourage the children to attend, and to put in place appropriate procedures to support this.
We believe that the most important factor in promoting good attendance is development of positive attitudes towards school and learning.

Each child's attendance can be summarised as:
$\mathbf{9 8 + \%}$ Excellent- Well done! This will help all aspects of their progress and life in school.
$\mathbf{9 6 - 9 8 \%}$ Good -This will give them a good start in life and supports a positive work ethic.
93-95\% Average - not bad, but strive to build on this.
85-92 \% Poor - Absence is now affecting attainment and progress at school. Please work with the school to improve the situation.
Below 85\% Unacceptable - Absence IS causing SERIOUS CONCERN. It IS affecting attainment and progress and is disrupting your child's learning. We will work with you and the Attendance Improvement Officer (AIO) to improve your child's attendance.

## Every family should aim for $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ attendance.

There are 175 non- school days each year in which to take holidays, have days out or routine appointments.

The government regards 10\% or more absence as 'Persistent Absence'.
Having $90 \%$ attendance means this is equal to:
Missing half a day every week
Missing over four weeks of school in the year

Missing half a year of school over a fiveyear period.

Poor attendance can seriously affect each child's:
Qattainment in school
पロrelationships with other children and their ability to form lasting friendships

- Coconfidence to attempt new work and work alongside others


## Rewards

Good attendance is recognised and celebrated.

## Individual children

Certificates are awarded at the end of each term for $100 \%$ attendance.
At the end of the academic year good attendance is celebrated. This is celebrated in the final whole school assembly.
Bronze, Silver and Gold certificates are awarded for high attendance with Gold certificates awarded for $100 \%$ attendance through the whole year. These children also receive a prize.

## Individual incentives.

Where positive impact is required, all staff in contact with the child must take extra care to welcome the child each morning, praise punctual attendance and acknowledge the effort the child has made. It is also appropriate to recognise the effort the parent has made to secure the child's attendance.

## Class Award

Attendance Mice - 'The 3 Mousekateers'
The' Mousekateers' are awarded weekly to the class with the highest overall attendance. They spend a week with the winning class who give a report of their activities in our Friday Celebration assembly.

## School Procedures

Any child who is absent from school at the morning or afternoon registration period must have their absence recorded as being authorised, unauthorised or as an approved educational activity [attendance out of school]. Only the headteacher or a member of staff acting on their behalf can authorise absence. If there is no known reason for the absence at registration, then the absence must be noted in the first instance as unauthorised.

## Lateness

- Punctuality is stressed, as lateness impact both on the individual child, and the class as a whole.
- All children should be at school ready for the start of the day at 8.55 a.m. Children are entitled to enter the school playground from 8.45 a.m.
- The register is taken twice a day. A day counts as 2 attendances.
- Morning registration is at 9.00 a.m. Afternoon registration is at 1.10 pm
- The registers will remain open for 20 minutes. Any pupil arriving after 9.20 will be marked as having an unauthorised absence unless there is an acceptable explanation i.e. school transport was delayed. In cases for example, where the absence at registration was for attending an early morning medical appointment, the appropriate authorised absence code will be entered. Pupils arriving after the start of school but before the end of the registration will be coded as late before registers close.


## First day of absence

- When a child is unwell, or absent for another reason, parents should contact the school before 9.15 am on the first day of absence informing the school of the reason for absence.
- As part of our Safeguarding Procedures, the school office will contact the parent or emergency contacts ( if parent cannot be reached) if no message has been received regarding the reason for the absence.
- Once the reason has been established, the information code will be transferred to the register


## Continuing Absence

If the pupil remains ill, then the parent/carer should inform the school either daily or give a date for when the pupil will be able to return.

## Medical/ Dental Appointments

Every effort should be made to arrange medical/ dental appointments outside school hours to avoid disruption to the pupil's school day and a poor attendance record

## Authorising Absence

- Only the school can 'authorise' absence. The school will not assess all reasons as 'valid'.
- Information provided to the school giving the reasons for absence will be recorded on the school's attendance system


## Frequent Absence

Pupil attendance is an important issue that is treated seriously. The attendance pattern for all children is monitored regularly. Where a pupil's absence becomes a concern, the school will seek to resolve any problems with parents.
The school acknowledges that each case is different and no one standard response will be appropriate in every case. Consideration is given to all factors affecting attendance before deciding what intervention strategies to apply.
However, in every case

- early intervention is essential to prevent the problem from worsening. It is essential that parents/carers keep the school fully informed of any matters that may affect their child's attendance.
- the school will issue letters to parents clearly defining the concerns within school regarding a pupils' absence. It is hoped that a quick response and change in levels of absence will resolve concerns
- The County Attendance Improvement Officer will be contacted where attendance concerns remain unresolved, and particularly where:
a pupil is absent for 10 consecutive days without explanation
absence falls to $85 \%$


## Leave of Absence during term time

The Governors recognise that pupil absence during term time can seriously disrupt a pupil's continuity of learning.
Lyng CE Primary School has adopted a policy in line with the Department for Education Sept 2013 guidance on applying the Education Pupil Registration Regulations (and updated Attendance Guidance for Schools 6 May 2022). It is important to realise that time off school for family holidays is not a right. Schools are unable to authorise time off school for pupils in term time unless there are exceptional circumstances pertaining to such requests.

- Leave of Absence will not be granted during term time unless there are exceptional circumstances. Parents are requested to apply for leave in writing to the Head teacher. Forms are available from the school office. The Head teacher will reply, stating whether exceptional circumstances warrant an authorised absence or whether the absence is unauthorised.
- Where there are 10 or more consecutive sessions (equivalent to 5 days) of unauthorised absence, The Headteacher can apply to the County for a Fixed Penalty Fine.
This is made clear in a letter sent out to all parents at the start of the academic year.


## Examples of what may constitute exceptional circumstances:

- To have a short absence to attend a special family celebration (e.g. an $80^{\text {th }}$ birthday of a grandparent, family wedding of a close relative where the child has a key role); or to attend a special religious/cultural festival, may constitute an exceptional circumstance.
- If a parent, due to the nature of their work, cannot possibly take time off during the regular school holidays then this may constitute an exceptional circumstance. A letter is required from the employer to confirm this.

To have a holiday in school time, because the cost is cheaper during term time, or because employment leave is more difficult does not constitute an exceptional circumstance

## Responsibility

The Headteacher holds responsibility for attendance matters, supported by the School Administration staff, and the Norfolk County Council Attendance Officer.
Where school attendance problems occur, the school will endeavour to work with parents in the interests of the child to achieve a resolution.

## Governing Body

It is the responsibility of the governors to monitor overall attendance. The Governing Body also has the
responsibility for Attendance Policy, and for seeing that it is carried out. The Governors will therefore examine closely the information provided to them, and seek to ensure that the school's attendance figures remain high.

## Review

Attendance Policy will be reviewed by the Governing Body every three years, or earlier if considered necessary (such as a change of government policy).

