#### Year 6

Daily time table - these don't need to be done in order, as long as you try to complete the activities each school day.

#### Morning Challenge

# Morning Challenge

You are in your kitchen when you hear scratching noises coming from one of the cupboards.

What could it be?

Write about how you open the cupboard door and what happens next.



#### Maths

Morning Year 6,

Today we are going to look at calculating the area of composite/compound shapes.

Composite or compound shapes means two shapes attached to each other.

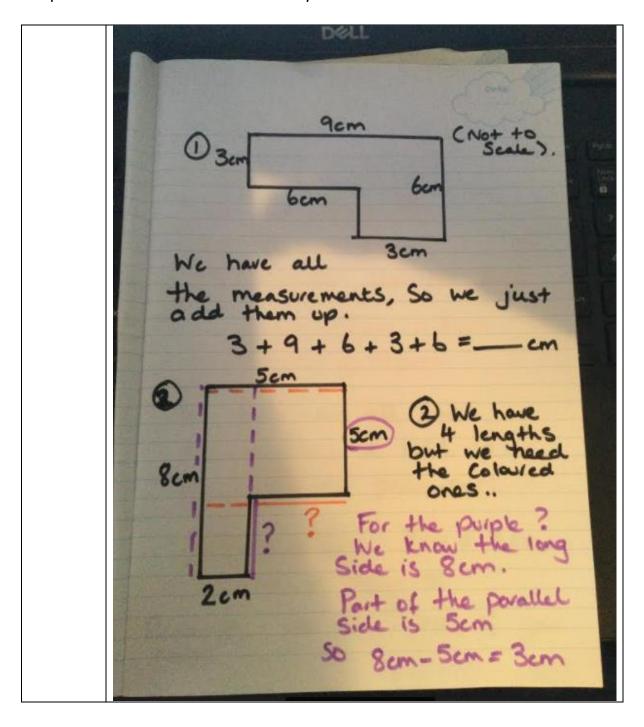
https://www.bbc.co.uk/teach/class-clips-video/maths-ks2-as-the-crow-flies-perimeter-and-area-of-compound-shapes/znn76v4

Just watch the first part about perimeter.

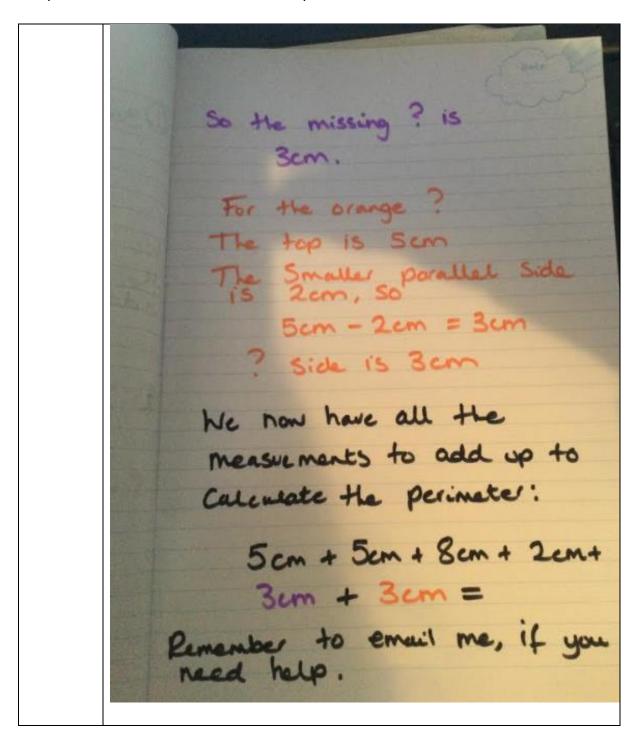
Now let's have a go at working these perimeters out, remember you will always have enough information to work out the missing side.

I have completed numbers 1 and 2, below:

#### Year 6

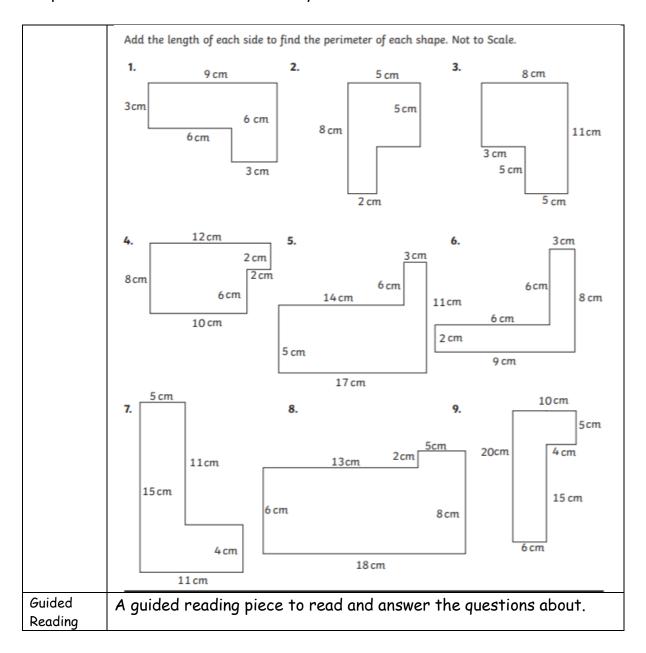


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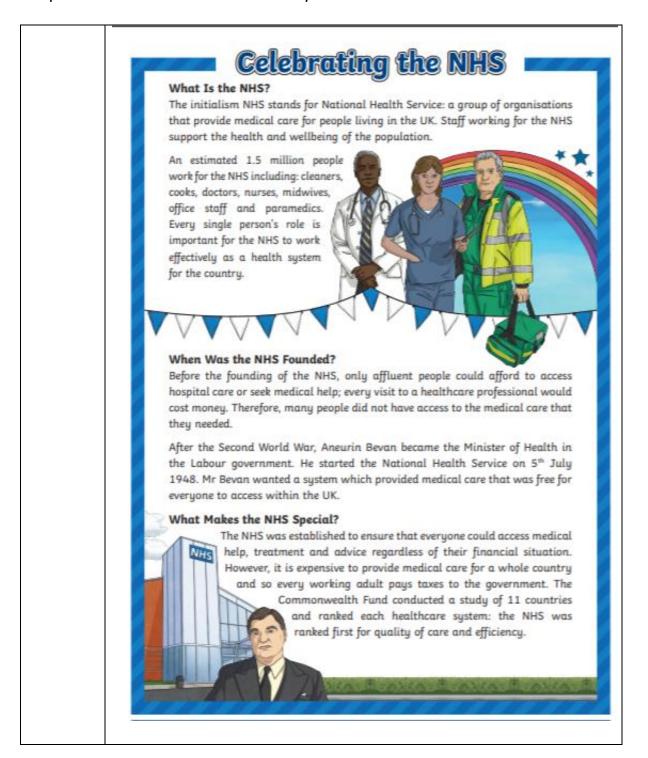


## Wednesday 13<sup>th</sup> January

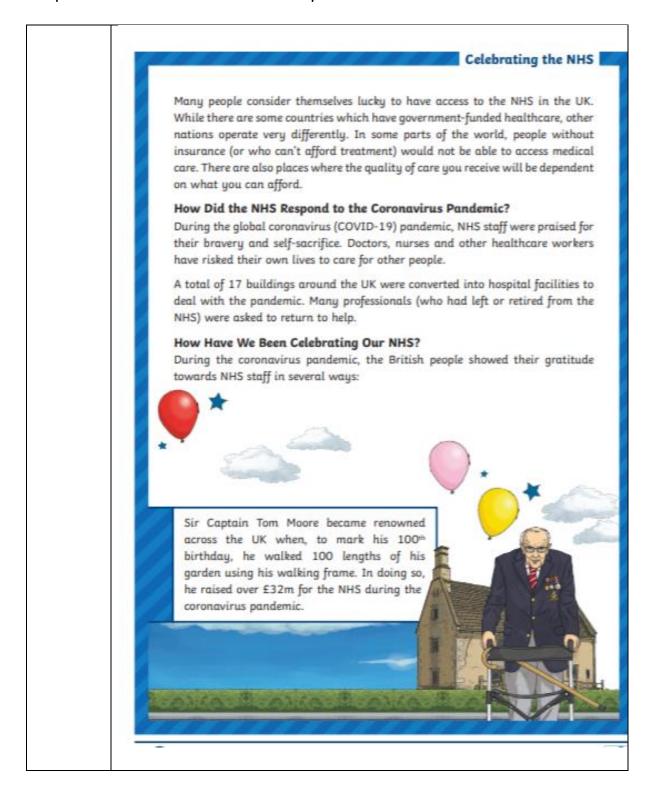
#### Year 6



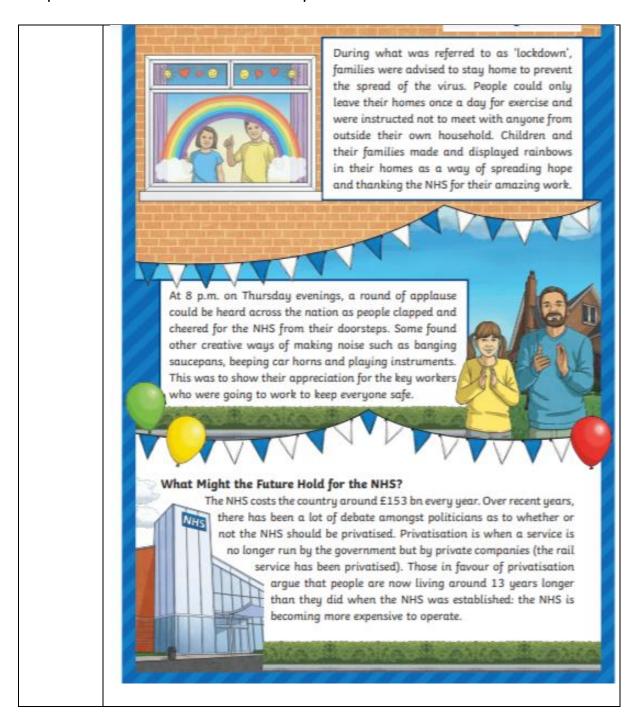
#### Year 6



#### Year 6



#### Year 6



## Wednesday 13<sup>th</sup> January

## <u>Year 6</u>

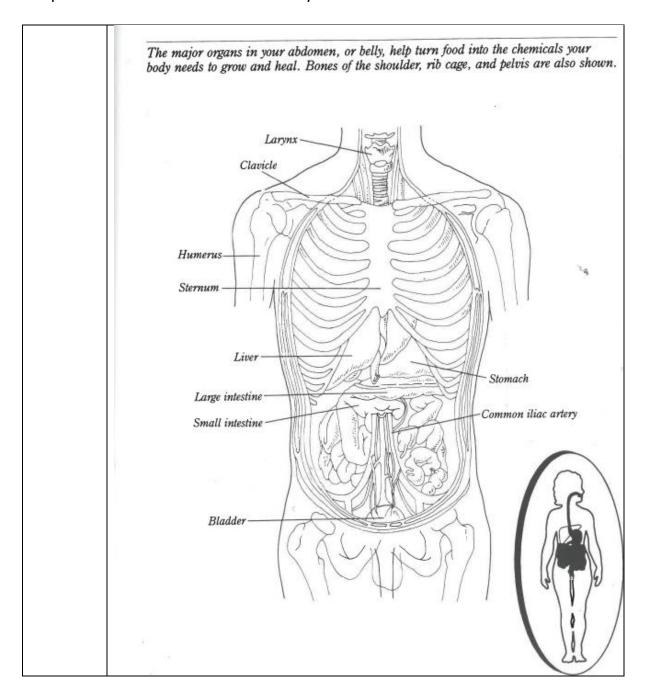
Celebrating the NHS
Questions
What was Aneurin Bevan's job title? Tick one.
O politician
O Minister for the NHS
O doctor
O Minister for Health
Draw four lines and match each word to its definition
When a service is no longer
health insurance run by the government but
by private companies.
A disease which has
pandemic spread to lots of countries.
The government-funded
privatisation • healthcare system for
people in the UK.
The money people pay to
National Health Service • companies to cover the
cost of medical care.
3. Who has the author written this text for?
4. Find and copy one word which shows that the NHS staff put the needs of others before
their own.
5. Who conducted the study in which the NHS ranked the highest for quality of care?

## Wednesday 13<sup>th</sup> January

## <u>Year 6</u>

	6. How is healthcare different in the UK compared to other countries?
	7. Which is the most important section in the text? Justify your choice.
	8. Summarise how the NHS dealt with the coronavirus pandemic in 25 words or fewer.
	9. Why do you think so many people helped Sir Captain Tom Moore to raise over £32m for NHS charities?
	10. Explain in no more than 50 words what makes the NHS worth celebrating.
P.E.	I'm sure you are all getting out and about for your daily exercise, if you need other ideas, you could complete a Joe Wicks work out (you tube) or a Cosmic yoga one (you tube).
Afternoon lessons: Topic	We are going to start learning about the human digestive system.  Watch this clip for a brief overview:
	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z27kng8/articles/z9wk7p3
	You could have a go at the quizzes too.
	Then read the sheets below.

### Year 6



#### Year 6

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# Food into Energy

Here's a peek at some of the major organs of the *abdomen*, or *belly*.

The muscles of the abdominal wall and a fatty apron-like covering over the intestines have been left out of the drawing. You can clearly see the *liver*, the *stomach*, the *large intestine*, the *small intestine*, and the *bladder*.

Your *liver* is a large, reddish-brown organ that's divided into several parts, called lobes. The largest lobe is partly covered by the right side of your rib cage. Your liver stores sugar, produces important proteins, and filters harmful chemicals from your blood.

Just beneath your liver is your stomach. It's a large sac where the protein in your food starts to get digested. When food is digested, it's converted into chemicals that your body needs for energy, growth, and repair.

From your stomach, food passes through several parts of your small intestine where digestion continues and food is absorbed into the blood.

Your large intestine, or *colon*, absorbs most of the water that remains after digestion and forms solid feces. Feces is the waste product of the foods you eat.

Your bladder stores the liquid waste produced by the kidneys.

The *common iliac arteries* are the end branches of the aorta in the abdomen. They supply blood to your bladder and other organs in the pelvis as well as to your hips and legs.

I think the explanation will hopefully be enough for you to understand the layout of the digestive system.

I would like you to make a poster of this information to show how the organs of the digestive system fits together in the body. This is to help you try and learn it.

You could also google 'KS2 digestive system' for further information.

Next lesson will look at the individual parts of the digestive system in more detail.

Thanks Oak, I'll hear from you via the class email.

Remember Miss Wharton has her laptop on all day during the week, like when we are at school, so you can send your work or a message when you like (I can share these with Mrs Wylie), We love hearing from you.

Please ensure that you email completed work to <u>oak@lyng.norfolk.sch.uk</u> so I can provide feedback on certain pieces to ensure progression.